

Lesson Overview

ICE Tables

Objective: The student will be able to utilize ICE tables to indicate equilibrium conditions given initial reaction conditions.

ICE Tables

Initial - Change - Equilibrium

Discuss when to use ICE tables

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Consider the following reaction: $A + 2 B \rightleftharpoons 2 C + 3D$ (all gases @25.0°C)
Initially $[A] = 1.50 \text{ M}$ and $[B] = 1.50 \text{ M}$ (before the reaction begins). Once equilibrium is reached the concentration of D is found to be 1.26 M.

- A. What are the equilibrium concentrations of the other reagents?
- B. What is the value of K_C ?
- C. What is the value of K_P ?

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Consider the following reaction: $2 A \rightleftharpoons 2B + C$ (all gases @25.0°C and 1 atm.)

Initially $[A] = 5.00 \text{ M}$ (before the reaction begins). Once the decomposition equilibrium is reached $[C] = 0.200 \text{ M}$. What is the percent ionization of A?

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Consider the following reaction: $A \rightleftharpoons B + 2 C$ (all gases @25.0°C and 1 atm.)

Initially $[A] = 5.00 \text{ M}$ (before the reaction begins). It is known that A only decomposes 12.0% Once the decomposition equilibrium is reached, what is the value of K_C ?